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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/004,832	12/07/2001	Ewen F. Kirkness	PF105P1D2	8309	
22195	7590 03/11/2003				
HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC			EXAMINER		
	E, MD 20850		KEMMERER,	KEMMERER, ELIZABETH	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1646		
			DATE MAILED: 03/11/2003	DATE MAILED: 03/11/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application N .	Applicant(s)				
		10/004,832	KIRKNESS ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Elizabeth C. Kemmerer, Ph.D.	1646				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears n the cover sheet with th c rrespondenc address Period for Reply							
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ware to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1)⊠	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 December 2001</u> .						
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims							
· _							
·	✓ Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application.✓ 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)□							
7)							
′=	8) Claim(s) 1-26 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.							
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. Attachment(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) D Intension Summer	(DTO 442) Danas Na/a)				
2) 🔲 Notic	re of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 1646

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restriction

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

Group I. Claims 1-14, drawn to nucleic acids, vectors comprising same, host cells comprising same, methods of making said host cells, and methods of expressing the nucleic acids, classified in Class 536, subclass 23.5.

Group II. Claims 15 and 16, drawn to human hemopoietic maturation factor polypeptide, classified in Class 530, subclass 399.

Group III. Claim 17, drawn to an antibody, classified in Class 530, subclass 387.1.

Group IV. Claim 18, drawn to an antagonist, classified in Class 530, subclass 350.

Group V. Claim 19, drawn to an agonist, classified in Class 530, subclass 350.

Group VI. Claims 20 and 21, drawn to methods of administering a polypeptide to treat HMF, classified in Class 514, subclass 2.

Group VII. Claim 22, drawn to gene therapy, classified in Class 514, subclass 44.

Group VIII Claim 23, drawn to a method of inhibiting HMF, classified in Class 514, subclass 8.

Group IX. Claim 24, drawn to a process of identifying an agonist or antagonist, classified in Class 436, subclass 501.

Art Unit: 1646

Group X. Claims 25 and 26, drawn to a process of diagnosing a disease, classified in Class 436, subclass 503.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Although there are no provisions under the section for "Relationship of Inventions" in M.P.E.P. § 806.05 for inventive groups that are directed to different products, restriction is deemed to be proper because these products constitute patentably distinct inventions for the following reasons. Groups I-V are directed to products that are distinct both physically and functionally, are not required one for the other, and are therefore patentably distinct. Further, the protein of Group II can be prepared by processes which are materially different from recombinant DNA expression of Group I, such as by chemical synthesis, or by isolation and purification from natural sources. Although the antibody of Group III can be used to obtain the DNA of Group I, it can also be used in materially different methods, such as in various diagnostic (e.g., as a probe in immunoassays or immunochromatography), or therapeutic methods. The DNA of Group I can be used other than to make the protein of Group II, such in gene therapy or as a probe in nucleic acid hybridization assays. The protein of Group II can be used in materially different methods other than to make the antibody of Group III, such as in therapeutic or diagnostic methods (e.g., in screening). The agonist of Group IV and the antagonist of Group V cannot be made directly from any of the products of Groups I-III. Moreover, the agonist of Group IV can be used in materially different methods, such as in therapy to up-regulate the effects of the human hemopoietic maturation factor. None of the other products of Groups I-III and V can be used in this

Art Unit: 1646

method. The antagonist of Group V can be used in materially different methods, such as in therapy to down-regulate the effects of the human hemopoietic maturation factor. None of the other products of Groups I-IV can be used in this method. Therefore, the inventions are independent and distinct.

Similarly, although there are no provisions under the section for "Relationship of Inventions" in M.P.E.P. § 806.05 for inventive groups that are directed to different methods, restriction is deemed to be proper because these methods appear to constitute patentably distinct inventions for the following reasons: Groups VI-X are directed to methods that are distinct both physically and functionally, and are not required one for the other. Invention VI requires consideration of diseases associated with HMF deficiencies, and the effects of administering human hemopoietic maturation factor, which is not required by any of the other groups. Invention VII requires consideration of gene therapy and regulation of inserted genetic material, which is not required by any of the other groups. Invention VIII requires consideration of the administration of antagonists and how to achieve effective inhibition of HMF in vivo, which is not required by any of the other groups. Invention IX requires consideration of the identification of antagonists and appropriate assays therefor, which is not required by any of the other groups. Invention X requires consideration of disease symptoms and quantification methods, which is not required by any of the other groups.

Inventions I and each of VII and X are related as product and process of use.

The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another

Art Unit: 1646

materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (M.P.E.P. § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the nucleic acids of Invention I can be used to produce the encoded polypeptide in culture.

Inventions II and each of VI and X are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (M.P.E.P. § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the proteins of Invention II can be used to raise antibodies which are useful as research tools.

Inventions III and X are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (M.P.E.P. § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the antibodies of Invention III can be used in therapeutic application to down-regulate HMF.

Inventions IV and VIII are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (M.P.E.P. § 806.05(h)). In the instant case HMF can be

Art Unit: 1646

inhibited via gene therapy by achieving the expressing of antisense human hemopoietic maturation factor.

Inventions IX and IV are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (M.P.E.P. § 806.05(f)). In the instant case, antagonists can also be identified in an *in vivo* model system for HMF.

The remaining product Inventions are not related to the remaining method Inventions, in that the methods do not require the products.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, separate search requirements, and different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the response to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one

Art Unit: 1646

claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a diligently-filed petition under 37 C.F.R. § 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(h).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elizabeth C. Kemmerer, Ph.D. whose telephone number is (703) 308-2673. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. - Thurs., 6:30 to 4:00, and alternate Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yvonne L. Eyler, Ph.D. can be reached on (703) 308-6564. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for regular communications and (703) 872-9307 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Cyabek C Kemmer

ECK

March 10, 2003